

Bakery	A shop where cakes and bread are made.
Diary	A personal record of life's events.
Embers	Small pieces of glowing coal or wood in a dying fire.
Eye witness	Someone who sees something and can recall it in detail.
Fire hook	Giant hooks used to pull down houses.
Firebreak	When buildings are destroyed to make a break so the fire cannot spread.
Leather bucket	Leather was used to make buckets before plastic was invented.
London	The capital city of England and the UK.
Monument	A structure put up to remind us of an event or someone.
Pudding Lane	Where the fire started.
River Thames	The river that runs through London.
Squirt	Equipment used to squirt water onto a fire.
St Paul's Cathedral	A Christian church that burnt down in the fire.
Thatched roof	A roof made out of straw.
Timber	Wood
Tower of London	Where the King lived in 1666.

## St Margaret's Academy

### FIRE! FIRE!

## The Great Fire of London



Sir Christopher Wren

Helped to rebuild London after the fire.

King Charles II

The reigning King at the time of the fire.

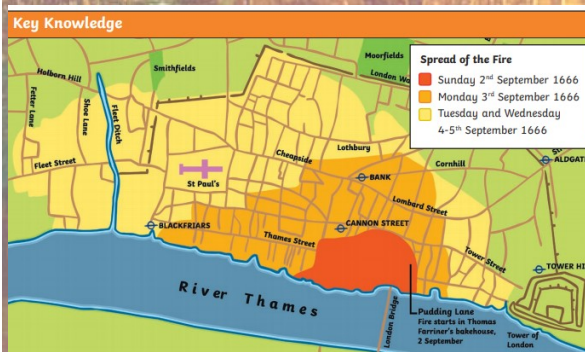


Thomas Farriner (the baker)

The fire began in his bakery in Pudding Lane.

Samuel Pepys

(1633-1703) A man who recorded the events of the fire in his diary.



### The Great Fire of London

KS1

**Monday 3rd September 1666**

The fire gets very close to the Tower of London.

**Tuesday 4th September 1666**

**St Paul's Cathedral** is destroyed by the fire.

**Timeline of Events**

**Sunday 2nd September 1666**

The fire starts at 1 a.m.

Mid-morning: Samuel Pepys starts to write about the fire in his **diary**.

**Wednesday 5th September 1666**

The wind dies down and the fire spreads more slowly.

**Thursday 6th September 1666**

The fire is finally put out. Thousands of people are left homeless.